Care home complaints

Why is this important?

Whether you operate a care home in England, Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland, you need to have a Complaints Handling Procedure (CHP) in place by law to enable a person to make a complaint about your care home, should a problem arise.

There are general key principles about how to handle complaints, which it is important that you understand and put into practice. Creating an environment that views complaints in a positive way can help to build confidence and trust between your staff and residents.



It is important to ensure that everyone, including staff, residents and their representatives, know when a concern or complaint is a safeguarding or criminal issue and what must happen.

SAFEGUARDING ISSUES

A safeguarding issue occurs when someone is at immediate risk of abuse. Examples of safeguarding issues can include:

- » Financial abuse
- » Physical abuse
- » Psychological abuse
- » Sexual abuse
- » Discriminatory abuse
- » Neglect or acts of omission

CRIMINAL OFFENCES

A crime is an unlawful act that is punishable by a state or other authority. In a care home scenario, criminal offences can include:

- » Theft
- » Fraud
- » Physical abuse/assault
- » Unlawful imprisonment
- who lacks mental capacity

» III treatment or neglect of someone

The care home complaints guide is part of a series created by CTSI and BEIS on care homes. All resources are available from the Business Companion website.







What is a complaint?

According to the **Competition and Markets Authority** (CMA), a complaint is "any expression of dissatisfaction that a care home or member of staff has not met the standard people would expect, or about the care home's action or lack of action. It also covers a 'concern' that people may have which never becomes a formal complaint."

> "A resident should feel listened to. respected and treated with dignity"



